Design & Technology



Curriculum Expectations

Engage		Activate				
EYFS	KS 1 NC Expectations	Key Stage 2 NC Expectations	Key Stage 3 + NC Expectations			
Expressive Arts and Design (Exploring and Using Media and Materials) Children safely use and explore a variety of materials, tools and techniques, experimenting with colour, design, texture, form and function. Expressive Arts and Design (Being Imaginative) Children use what they have learnt about media and materials in original ways, thinking about uses and purposes. They represent their own ideas, thoughts and feelings through design and technology, art, music, dance, role play and stories.	 Design Pupils should be taught to: design purposeful, functional, appealing products for themselves and other users based on design criteria; generate, develop, model and communicate their ideas through talking, drawing, templates, mock-ups and, where appropriate, information and communication technology. Make Pupils should be taught to: select from and use a range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks select from and use a wide range of materials and components, including construction materials, textiles and ingredients, according to their characteristics. Evaluate Pupils should be taught to: explore and evaluate a range of existing products; evaluate their ideas and products against design criteria. Technical Knowledge Pupils should be taught to: build structures, exploring how they can be made stronger, stiffer and more stable; explore and use mechanisms in their products. Cooking and Nutrition Pupils should be taught to: use the basic principles of a healthy and varied diet to prepare dishes; understand where food comes from 	 Design Pupils should be taught to: use research and develop design criteria to inform the design of innovative, functional, appealing products that are fit for purpose, aimed at particular individuals or groups; generate, develop, model and communicate their ideas through discussion, annotated sketches, cross-sectional and exploded diagrams, prototypes, pattern pieces and computer-aided design. Make Pupils should be taught to: select from and use a wider range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks [for example, cutting, shaping, joining and finishing], accurately; select from and use a wider range of materials and components, including construction materials, textiles and ingredients, according to their functional properties and aesthetic qualities. Evaluate Pupils should be taught to: investigate and analyse a range of existing products; evaluate their ideas and products against their own design criteria and consider the views of others to improve their work; understand how key events and individuals in design and technology have helped shape the world. Technical Knowledge apply their understanding of how to strengthen, stiffen and reinforce more complex structures; understand and use electrical systems in their products [for example, gears, pulleys, cams, levers and linkages]; understand and use electrical systems in their products [for example, gears, pulleys, cams, levers and linkages]; apply their understanding of computing to program, monitor and control their products. Cooking and Nutrition Pupils should be taught to: understand and apply the principles of a healthy and varied diet; prepare and cook a variety of predominantly savoury dishes using a range of cooking techniques; understand seasonality, and know where and how a variety of ingredients are grown, reared, caught and	 Design use research and exploration, such as the study of different cultures, to identify and understand user needs identify and solve their own design problems and understand how to reformulate problems given to them develop specifications to inform the design of innovative, functional, appealing products that respond to needs in a variety of situations use a variety of approaches to generate creative ideas and avoid stereotypical responses develop and communicate design ideas using annotated sketches, detailed plans, 3-D and mathematical modelling, oral and digital presentations and computer-based tools Make select from and use specialist tools, techniques, processes, equipment and machinery precisely, including computer-aided manufacture select from and use a wider, more complex range of materials, components and ingredients, taking into account their properties Evaluate analyse the work of past and present professionals and others to develop and broaden their understanding investigate new and emerging technologies test, evaluate and refine their ideas and products against a specification, taking into account the views of intended users and other interested groups understand developments in design and technology, its impact on individuals, society and the environment, and the responsibilities of designers, engineers and technologists Technical knowledge understand how more advanced mechanical systems used in their products enable changes in movement and force understand how more advanced electrical and electronic systems can be powered and used in their products apply computing and use electronics to embed intelligence in products that respond to inputs, and control outputs, using programmable components. Cooking and nutrition Pupils should be taught to: understand and apply the p			

Intent

Design and Technology aims to inspire children through a broad range of practical experiences to create innovative designs which solve real and relevant problems within a variety of different contexts. The design process encourages children to identify real and relevant problems, critically evaluate existing products and then take risks and innovate when designing and creating solutions to the problems. Opportunities are provided for children to evaluate key events and individuals who have helped shape the world, helping to inspire them to become the next generation of innovators.

Implementation

Design & Technology will be taught through engaging, motivating and progressive units across the school. Design & Technology lessons will:

- start with an engagement/thought provoking stimulus
- share a 'Big Learning Question'
- lead to some 'key enquiry questions'
- take the questions into a scheme of work
- allow pupils to develop their own Knowledge Organisers
- allow pupils to design & make
- facilitate the safe use of different materials and tools
- explore with foods and cooking with food, inc utensil use
- promote the skills to live independently
- allow pupils to evidence their learning using scrapbooks, photographs and products

Impact

To evidence that our pupils can do more and know more in Art & Design we will:

- ✓ Collate evidence to monitor progress
- ✓ Review knowledge organisers
- ✓ Interview pupils
- ✓ Monitor teaching
- ✓ Review schemes of work
- ✓ Follow achievements through progression maps
- ✓ Allow pupils to reflect on what they make

EYFS	KS 1	KS 2	KS 3+
Continuous provision to allow pupils to experience explore and enjoy drawi and constructio activities	b design products that have a	 Children can: identify the design features of their products that will appeal to intended customers; use their knowledge of a broad range of existing products to help generate their ideas; design innovative and appealing products that have a clear purpose and are aimed at a specific user; explain how particular parts of their products work; use annotated sketches and cross-sectional drawings to develop and communicate their ideas; when designing, explore different initial ideas before coming up with a final design; when planning, start to explain their choice of materials and components including function and aesthetics; test ideas out through using prototypes; use computer-aided design to develop and communicate their ideas (see note on p. 1); develop and follow simple design criteria; work in a broader range of relevant contexts, for example entertainment, the home, school, leisure, food industry and the wider environment. 	 Children can: a use research to inform and develop detailed design criteria to inform the design of innovative, functional and appealing products that are fit for purpose and aimed at a target market; b use their knowledge of a broad range of existing products to help generate their ideas; c design products that have a clear purpose and indicate the design features of their products that will appeal to the intended user; d explain how particular parts of their products work; e use annotated sketches, cross-sectional drawings and exploded diagrams (possibly including computer-aided design) to develop and communicate their ideas; f generate a range of design ideas and clearly communicate final designs; g consider the availability and costings of resources when planning out designs; h work in a broad range of relevant contexts, for example conservation, the home, school, leisure, culture, enterprise, industry and the wider environment.

	Continuous	Chil	dren can:	Chil	dren can:	Chil	ldren can:		
	provision to	Plar	nning		nning	Plar	nning		
	allow pupils to experience,	a	with support, follow a simple plan or recipe;	a	with growing confidence, carefully select from a	а	independently plan by suggesting what to do next;		
	explore and	b	begin to select from a range of hand tools and equipment, such as scissors, graters, zesters, safe		range of tools and equipment, explaining their choices;	b	with growing confidence, select from a wide range of tools and equipment, explaining their choices;		
	enjoy manipulating different tools	С	knives, juicer; select from a range of materials, textiles and components according to their characteristics;	b	select from a range of materials and components according to their functional properties and aesthetic qualities;	С	select from a range of materials and components according to their functional properties and aesthetic gualities;		
	to join, shape	Pra	ctical skills and techniques	С	place the main stages of making in a systematic order;	d	create step-by-step plans as a quide to making;		
Make	adapt materials for a purpose.	d	learn to use hand tools and kitchen equipment safely and appropriately and learn to follow hygiene procedures;			Prac	Practical skills and techniques		
				d	learn to use a range of tools and equipment safely, appropriately and accurately and learn	е	learn to use a range of tools and equipment safely and appropriately and learn to follow hygiene procedures;		
		е	use a range of materials and components, including textiles and food ingredients;	е	to follow hygiene procedures; use a wider range of materials and components,	f	independently take exact measurements and mark out, to within 1 millimetre:		
		f	with help, measure and mark out;		including construction materials and kits, textiles and	g	use a full range of materials and components, including		
		g	cut, shape and score materials with some accuracy;	2	mechanical and electrical components;	0	construction materials and kits, textiles, and mechanical		
		h	assemble, join and combine materials, components or ingredients; demonstrate how to cut, shape and join fabric to make a simple product;		with growing independence, measure and mark out to the nearest cm and millimetre;		components; cut a range of materials with precision and accuracy;		
				g	cut, shape and score materials with some	h i	shape and score materials with precision and accuracy;		
					degree of accuracy;		assemble, join and combine materials and components with		
		j	manipulate fabrics in simple ways to create the	h	assemble, join and combine material and components with some degree of accuracy;	J	accuracy;		
		k	desired effect; use a basic running stich;	i	demonstrate how to measure, cut, shape and join	k	demonstrate how to measure, make a seam allowance, tape, pin, cut, shape and join fabric with precision to make a more complex		
			cut, peel and grate ingredients, including measuring and weighing ingredients using measuring cups;		fabric with some accuracy to make a simple		product;		
				j	product; j join textiles with an appropriate sewing technique;		join textiles using a greater variety of stitches, such as backstitch, whip stitch, blanket stitch;		
		m	begin to use simple finishing techniques to improve the appearance of their product, such as adding simple decorations.	k	begin to select and use different and appropriate finishing techniques to improve the appearance of a product such as hemming, tie-dye, fabric paints and digital graphics.	m	refine the finish using techniques to improve the appearance of their product, such as sanding or a more precise scissor cut after roughly cutting out a shape.		

		Children can:	Children can:	Children can:
	Continuous provision to allow pupils to	compansons and simple writtenevaluations,	 explore and evaluate existing products, explaining the purpose of the product and whether it is designed well to meet the intended purpose; 	a complete detailed competitor analysis of other products on the market;
ate	experience, explore and enjoy	b explain positives and things to improve for existing products;	 explore what materials/ingredients products are made from and suggest reasons for this; 	 critically evaluate the quality of design, manufacture and fitness
Evalu	problem solving and using trial and repair judgements	explore what materials products are made from; talk about their design ideas and what they are making; as they work, start to identify strengths and possible changes they might make to refine their existing design;	c consider their design criteria as they make progress and are willing to alter their plans, sometimes considering the views	for purpose of products as they design and make;
			of others if this helps them to improve their product;evaluate their product against their original design criteria;	c evaluate their ideas and products against the original design criteria,
		f evaluate their products and ideas against their simple design criteria;	e evaluate the key events, including technological developments,	making changes as needed.
		g start to understand that the iterative process sometimes involves repeating different stages of the process.	and designs of individuals in design and technology that have helped shape the world.	

Technical Knowledge	Continuous provision to allow pupils to experience, explore and enjoy using toys and equipment so they can learn how they work		chanisms Idren can: build simple structures, exploring how they can be made stronger, stiffer and more stable; talk about and start to understand the simple working characteristics of materials and components; explore and create products using mechanisms, such as levers, sliders and wheels.		hanical, Electrical & Computing systems dren can: understand that materials have both functional properties and qualities; apply their understanding of how to strengthen, stiffen and complex structures in order to create more useful characteristi understand and demonstrate how mechanical and electrical sy have an input and output process; make and represent simple electrical circuits, such as a series and components to create functional products; explain how mechanical systems such as levers and linkages of movement; use mechanical systems in their products.	l reir ics o ∕sten and ∣	nforce more f products; ns parallel,		chanical, Electrical & Computing systems Idren can: apply their understanding of how to strengthen, stiffen and reinforce more complex structures in order to create more useful characteristics of products; understand and demonstrate that mechanical and electrical systems have an input, process and output; explain how mechanical systems, such as cams, create movement and use mechanical systems in theirproducts; apply their understanding of computing to program, monitor and control a product.
ng & Nutrition	Continuous provision to allow pupils to experience, explore and enjoy using, tasting and exploring with foods	Chil a b c d	ldren can: explain where in the world different foods originate from; understand that all food comes from plants or animals; understand that food has to be farmed, grown elsewhere (e.g. home) or caught; name and sort foods into the five groups in the Eatwell Guide; understand that everyone should out et least five portione of fruit	Child a b c d e	start to know when, where and how food is grown (such as herbs, tomatoes and strawberries) in the UK, Europe and the wider world; understand how to prepare and cook a variety of predominantly savoury dishes safely and hygienically; with support, use a heat source to cook ingredients showing awareness of the need to control the temperature of the hob and/or oven; use a range of techniques such as mashing, whisking, crushing, grating, cutting, kneading and baking;	Child a b c d	wheat and po (such as fish understand a plan recipes understand t used in cook demonstrate dishes safely heat source;	btato) in t about acco hat f ing; how v and	d give examples of food that is grown (such as pears, les), reared (such as poultry and cattle) and caught he UK, Europe and the wider world; t seasonality, how this may affect the food availability and ording to seasonality; food is processed into ingredients that can be eaten or to prepare and cook a variety of predominantly savoury hygienically including, where appropriate, the use of a to use a range of cooking techniques, such as griddling,

Eatwell Guide and be able to apply these principles when

understand that to be active and healthy, nutritious food

prepare ingredients using appropriate cooking utensils;

and drink are needed to provide energy for the body;

measure and weigh ingredients to the nearest gram

start to independently follow a recipe;

start to understand seasonality.

planning and cooking dishes;

and millilitre;

g h

Cookin

eat at least five portions of fruit

and vegetables every day and

use what they know about the

Eatwell Guide to design and

start to explain why;

prepare dishes.

f

independently follow a recipe.

preparing dishes;

from a recipe;

explain that foods contain different substances, such as protein, that are

change the appearance, taste, texture and aroma;

alter methods, cooking times and/or temperatures;

needed for health and be able to apply these principles when planning and

adapt and refine recipes by adding or substituting one or more ingredients to

measure accurately and calculate ratios of ingredients to scale up or down

f

g

h

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